



Smart, Creative and Entrepreneurial



IT STRATEGY MANAGEMENT CYCLE PERTEMUAN 6

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Chapter Outline

- Importance of IT and business environment
- Enablers and inhibitors to alignment
- Concept/importance of alignment maturity
- 5 levels of Strategic Alignment Maturity
- 6 Criteria that characterize levels of Strategic Alignment Model
- Assessing Strategic Alignment Maturity
- Strategic Alignment Process



Importance of Alignment

- Effectiveness
- Efficiency
- Link Technology and Business



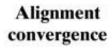
IT Management Should:

- Be knowledgeable about how new IT technologies can be integrated into business
- Be privy to senior management's tactical and strategic plans
- Be present when corporate strategies are discussed
- Understand strengths and weaknesses of technologies and implications

- Initial/Ad Hoc Process
 - Business and IT not aligned
- Committed Process
 - Organization commits to becoming aligned
- Established Focused Process
 - Established and Focused on business objectives
- Improved/Managed Process
 - Reinforcing concept of IT as "Value Center"
- Optimized Process
 - Integrated/Co-adaptive business and IT strategic planning



Figure 3.3 Convergence of Strategic Alignment Gaps.



LEVEL 5 Optimized process

LEVEL 4 Improved process

Business strategy LEVEL 3 Established process

IT strategy

LEVEL 2 Committed process

> LEVEL 1 Initial process

Alignment gap



Strategic Alignment Maturity Criteria

- Communications
- Competency/value measurements
- Governance
- Partnerships
- Scope and Architecture
- Skills



Figure 3.2 Strategic Alignment Maturity Criteria.

Communications

- Understanding of business by IT
- Understanding of IT by business
- Inter/Intra organizational learning/education
- · Protocol rigidity
- · Knowledge sharing
- · Liaison(s) effectiveness

Competency/value measurements

- IT metrics
- · Business metrics
- · Balanced metrics
- Service level agreements
- · Benchmarking
- · Formal assessments/reviews
- · Continuous improvement

Governance

- · Business strategic planning
- · IT strategic planning
- · Organization structure
- · Budgetary control
- · IT investment management
- Steering committee(s)
- · Prioritization process







IT Business Alignment Maturity Criteria



Partnership

- · Business perception of IT value
- Role of IT in strategic business planning
- Shared goals, risk, rewards/ penalties
- · IT program management
- · Relationship/trust style
- · Business sponsor/champion



Scope and Architecture

- Traditional, enabler/driver, external
- · Standards articulation
- · Architectural integration:
 - Functional organization
- Enterprise
- Inter-enterprise
- Architectural transparency, agility, flexibility
- · Manage emerging technology



Skills

- · Innovation, entrepreneurship
- · Cultural locus of power
- · Management style
- Change readiness
- Career crossover training
- Social, political, trusting interpersonal environment
- · Hiring and retaining



Primary Objective of Assessment:

- Agree that criterion needs to be improved
- Agree that a criterion is good, but can be better
- Disagree with how good/bad a criterion is



Communications

- Ensure ongoing knowledge sharing
- Use people in formal inter-unit liaison roles
- Cooperation among business-IT partners
- Trust and openness between units and IT



Competency/Value Measurements

- Service levels that assess commitment of IT
- Tie service levels to criteria
- Take action based on measurements of performance factors
- Understand factors that lead to missing criteria
- Understand what can be learned to improve the environment continuously



Governance

- Clearly defined decision-making authority
- Integrated enterprise-wide strategic business plan



Partnership

- Relationship between business and IT organizations
- Give IT function equal role in defining business strategy
- Perception of contributions
- Partnership should enable and drive change



Scope and Architecture

- Go beyond back office and into front office
- Assume role supporting flexible infrastructure
- Evaluate and apply emerging technologies effectively
- Enable or drive business processes and strategies
- Provide solutions customizable to customer needs



Skills

- Include all human resource considerations for organization
- Consider cultural and social environment



Level 1 – Initial/Ad Hoc Process

- Lowest level of strategic alignment
- Understanding of IT by business is low
- Investment in IT is underleveraged



Communications

Attribute Characteristics

Understanding of business by IT Minimum
 Understanding of IT by business Minimum

Inter/intra-organizational learning
 Casual, ad-hoc

Protocol rigidity
 Command and control

Knowledge sharing
 Ad-hoc

Liaison(s) breadth/effectiveness
 None or ad-hoc

Competency/value measurements

Attribute Characteristics

• IT metrics Technical; not related to business

Business metrics
 Ad-hoc; not related to IT

Balanced metrics
 Ad-hoc unlinked

Service level agreements
 Sporadically present

Benchmarking
 Not generally practiced

Formal assessments/reviews
 Continuous improvement
 None



Governance

Attribute	Characteristics

- Business strategic planning Ad-hoc
 IT strategic planning Ad-hoc
- Reporting/organization structure
 Central/decentral; CIO reports to CFO
- Budgetary control
 Cost center; erratic spending
- IT investment management Cost-based; erratic spending
- Steering committee(s)
 Not formal/regular
- Prioritization process
 Reactive

Partnership

Attribute Characteristics

- Business perception of IT; value IT
 Perceived as a cost of business
 Role of IT in strategic business planning
 No seat at the business table
- Shared goals, risk, rewards/penalties
 IT takes risk with little reward
- IT program management Ad-hoc
- Relationship/trust style
 Conflict/minimum
- Business sponsor/champion
 None



Scope and architecture

Attribute Characteristics

Traditional, enabler/driver, external Traditional (e.g., accounting, e-mail)

Standards articulation
 None or ad-hoc

Architectural integration: No formal integration

- Functional organization

- Enterprise

Inter-enterprise

Architectural transparency, flexibility
 None

Skills

Attribute Characteristics

• Innovation, entrepreneurship Discouraged

• Locus of power In the business

Management style Command and control

Change readiness
 Resistant to change

Career crossover None

Education, cross-training
 None

Social, political, trusting environment
 Social, political, trusting

Interpersonal Minimum
Environment Minimum

Attract and retain best talent No program



Level 2 – Committed Process

- Committed to begin process for Strategic Alignment Maturity
- View IT as an asset to the organization
- Directed at local situations or functional organizations
- Alignment at the level is difficult to achieve
- Potential opportunities are recognized



Communications

Attribute	Characteristics

- Understanding of business by IT
 Limited IT awareness
 Limited business areas.
- Understanding of IT by business
 Inter/intra-organizational learning
 Limited business awareness
 Informal
- Protocol rigidity
 Limited, relaxed
- Knowledge sharing
 Semi-structured (some formal)
 - processes) for sharing knowledge
- Liaison(s) breadth/effectiveness Limited tactical technology based

Competency/value measurements

Attribute Characteristics

- IT metrics Cost efficiency
- Business metrics At the functional organization
 Balanced metrics Business and IT metrics unlinked
- Service level agreements
 Technical at the functional level
- Benchmarking Informal
- Formal assessments/reviews
 Some, typically for problems
- Continuous improvement Minimum

	Governance
Attribute	Characteristics

Basic planning at the functional level Business strategic planning

 IT strategic planning Functional tactical planning

 Reporting/organization structure Central/decentralized, some co-location;

Covernance

CIO reports to CFO

Cost center by functional organization

Cost-based; operations/maintenance focus

Periodic organized communication

Occasional responsive

Budgetary control

• IT investment management

Steering committee(s)

Prioritization process

Partnership

Attribute Characteristics

 Business perception of IT value IT emerging as an asset

 Role of IT in strategic business planning Business process enabler

IT takes most of the risk with little reward · Shared goals, risk, rewards/penalties

• IT program management Standards defined

 Relationship/trust style Primarily transactional

 Business sponsor/champion Limited at the functional organization

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Attribute Characteristics Innovation, entrepreneurship Dependent on functional organization Functional organization · Locus of power Results consensus-based · Management style · Change readiness Dependent on functional organization · Career crossover Minimum · Education, cross-training Minimum Social, political, trusting, interpersonal Primarily transactional environment · Attract and retain best talent Technology focused

Scope and architecture

Attribute	Characteristics
Traditional, enabler/driver, external	Transaction (e.g., ESS, DSS)
Standards articulation	Standards defined
Architectural integration:	
- Functional organization	Early attempts at integration
- Enterprise	Early attempts at integration
- Inter-enterprise	Early concept testing
 Architectural transparency, flexibility 	Limited

Established Focused Process

- Concentrates on governance, processes, and communications toward specific business objectives
- Needs better governance to invest IT dollars
- Focus on business processes that generate long-lasting competitive advantage
- Effectively communicate its vision and get "buy-in" from employees and management



Communications

Attribute	Characteristics

- Understanding of business by IT
 Understanding of IT by business
 Emerging business awareness
- Inter/intra-organizational learning Regular, clear
- Protocol rigidity
 Emerging relaxed
- Knowledge sharing
 Structured around key processes
- Liaison(s) breadth/effectiveness Formalized, regular meetings

Competency/value measurements

Attribute Characteristics

- IT metrics Traditional financial
 Business metrics Traditional financial
- Service level agreements Emerging across the enterprise
- Benchmarking Emerging
- Formal assessments/reviews Emerging formality
- Continuous improvement Emerging



Governance

Attribute

- · Business strategic planning
- IT strategic planning
- Reporting/organization structure
- Budgetary control
- IT investment management
- Steering committee(s)
- Prioritization process

Characteristics

Some inter-organizational planning

Focused planning, some inter-organizational

Structure central/decentralized, some federation; CIO reports to COO

Cost center; some investments Traditional; process enabler Regular clear communication

Mostly responsive

Partnership

Attribute

- · Business perception of IT value
- Role of IT in strategic business planning
- · Shared goals, risk, rewards/penalties
- · IT program management
- Relationship/trust style
- Business sponsor/champion

Characteristics

IT seen as an asset

Business process enabler

Risk tolerant; IT some reward

Standards adhered

Emerging valued service provider

At the functional organization



Governance

Attribute

- Business strategic planning
- IT strategic planning
- Reporting/organization structure
- · Budgetary control
- IT investment management
- Steering committee(s)
- Prioritization process

Characteristics

Some inter-organizational planning

Focused planning, some inter-organizational

Structure central/decentralized, some federation; CIO reports to COO

Cost center; some investments

Traditional; process enabler

Regular clear communication

Mostly responsive

Partnership

Attribute

- Business perception of IT value
- Role of IT in strategic business planning
- Shared goals, risk, rewards/penalties
- IT program management
- Relationship/trust style
- Business sponsor/champion

Characteristics

IT seen as an asset

Business process enabler

Risk tolerant; IT some reward

Standards adhered

Emerging valued service provider

At the functional organization

Improved/Managed Process

- Leverage IT assets on an enterprise-wide basis
- Focus on driving business process enhancements to gain competitive advantage
- Views IT as an innovative and imaginative strategic contributor
- Capitalize on information and knowledge
- Utilize IT assets by deploying enterprise-wide architecture



Communications

Attribute	Characteristics
Attribute	Characteristics

- Understanding of business by IT
 Pushed down through organization
- Understanding of IT by business
 Business aware of potential
- Inter/Intra-organizational learning
 Protocol rigidity
 Unified, bonded
 Relaxed, informal
- Knowledge sharing Institutionalized
- Liaison(s) breadth/effectiveness
 Bonded, effective at all internal levels

Competency/value measurements

Attribute Characteristics

- IT metrics Cost effectiveness
 Business metrics Customer-based
- Balanced metrics
 Business and IT metrics linked
- Service level agreements
 Enterprise-wide
- Benchmarking Routinely performed
- Formal assessments/reviews Formally performed
- Continuous improvement Frequently



Governance

Attribute	Characteristics
Business strategic planning	Managed across the enterprise
IT strategic planning	Managed across the enterprise
Organizational reporting structure	Federated; CIO reports to COO or CEO
Budgetary control	Investment center
• IT investment management	Cost effectiveness; process driver
• Steering committee(s)	Formal, effective committees
Prioritization process	Value add, responsive

Partnership

Attribute	Characteristics
Business perception of IT value	IT is seen as a driver/enabler
Role of IT in strategic business planning	Business strategy enabler/driver
Shared goals, risk, rewards/penalties	Risk acceptance and rewards shared
IT program management	Standards evolve
Relationship/trust style	Valued service provider
Business sponsor/champion	At the HQ level



Attribute

· Standards articulation

- Inter-enterprise

· Architectural transparency, flexibility

- Enterprise

Si	kills
Attribute	Characteristics
• Innovation, entrepreneurship	Enterprise, partners, and IT managers
Locus of power	Across the organization
Management style	Profit/value based
Change readiness	High, focused
Career crossover	Across the functional organization
Education, cross-training	At the functional organization
 Social, political, trusting interpersonal environment 	Achieved among IT and business
 Social, political, trusting environment 	Valued service provider
Attract and retain best talent	Formal program for hiring and retaining

Scope and architecture Characteristics · Traditional, enabler/driver, external Redefined scope (business process driver) Enterprise standards Architectural integration: Integrated with partners - Functional organization Integrated Standard enterprise architecture

Emerging across the organizations

With key partners



Communications

Attribute Characteristics

Understanding of business by IT
 Understanding of IT by business
 Pervasive

• Inter/Intra-organizational learning Strong and structured

Protocol rigidity
 Informal

Knowledge sharing Extra-enterprise

• Liaison(s) breadth/effectiveness Extra-enterprise

Competency/value measurements

Attribute Characteristics

IT metrics Extended to external partners
 Business metrics Extended to external partners

Balanced metrics
 Business, partner, and IT metrics

Service level agreements
 Extended to external partners

Benchmarking Routinely performed with partners

• Formal assessments/reviews Routinely performed

Continuous improvement Routinely performed



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Attribute

- · Business strategic planning
- IT strategic planning
- Organizational reporting structure
- Budgetary control
- IT investment management
- Steering committee(s)
- · Prioritization process

Characteristics

Integrated across and outside the enterprise

Integrated across and outside the enterprise

Federated; CIO reports to CEO

Investment center; profit center

Business value; extended to business partners

Partnership

Value added partner

Partnership

Attribute

- · Business perception of IT value
- · Role of IT in strategic business planning
- Shared goals, risk, rewards/penalties
- IT program management
- Relationship/trust style
- Business sponsor/champion

Characteristics

IT co-adapts with the business Co-adaptive with the business Risk and rewards shared

Continuous improvement

Valued partnership

At the CEO level

Skills		
Attribute	Characteristics	
• Innovation, entrepreneurship	The norm	
Locus of power	All executives, including CIO and partners	
Management style	Relationship-based	
Change readiness	High, focused	
Career crossover	Across the enterprise	
 Education, cross-training 	Across the enterprise	
 Social, political, trusting interpersonal environment 	Extended to external customers and partners	
 Social, political, trusting environment 	Valued partnership	
Attract and retain best talent	Effective program for hiring and retaining	

Scope and architecture Attribute Characteristics · Traditional, enabler/driver, external External scope; business strategy driver/enabler Standards articulation Inter-enterprise standards Architectural integration: Evolve with partners - Functional organization Integrated - Enterprise standard Enterprise architecture - Inter-enterprise With all partners · Architectural transparency, flexibility Across the infrastructure



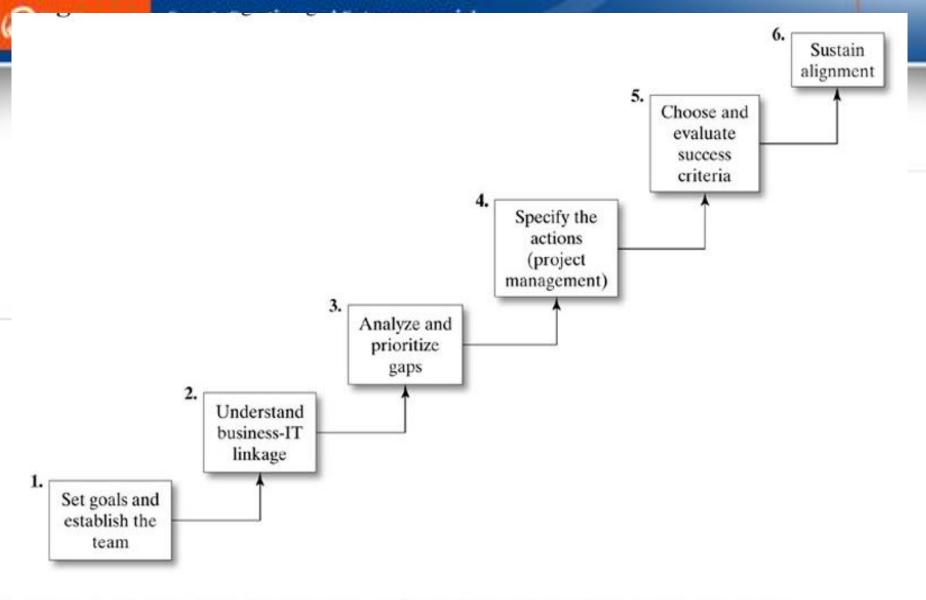
Assessing Strategic Alignment Maturity

- This does not fit the organization, or the organization is not very effective
- Low level of fit for the organization
- Moderate fit for the organization, or the organization is moderately effective
- Fits most of the organization
- Strong level of fit throughout the organization, or the organization is effective



Strategic Alignment Process

- Set the Goals and Establish a Team
- Understand the Business-IT Logic
- Analyze and Prioritize Gaps
- Specify the Actions (Project Management)
- Choose and Evaluate Success Criteria
- Sustain Alignment



Luftman, J., Addressing Business-IT Alignment Maturity, Communications of the Association for Information Systems, December, 2000.